## State of Delaware

## Annual Report <br> Use of Physical Restraint in Delaware Public School Districts and Charter Schools <br> 2021-2022



October 26, 2022

## Note to the Reader

The 2021-2022 Annual Report on the Use of Physical Restraint in Delaware Public School Districts and Charter Schools presents detailed information regarding incidents of physical restraint reported from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022. Collecting this incident-level data provides the Delaware Department of Education (DDOE) with a comprehensive overview of the number and types of incidents of restraint occurring among different student populations statewide. Comprehensive data has been collected for eight years allowing DDOE to identify trends. Analyzing trend data informs implementation of targeted support for districts and charter schools to mitigate areas of concern. The data was collected from district schools and programs, as well as charter schools during the 2021-22 school year.

The 2021-2022 school year data contained in this report reflects a return to historical numbers and trends, as recorded prior to the Covid-19 pandemic that significantly impacted the 20192020 and 2020-2021 reporting data. Some local education agencies (LEAs) offered options for virtual learning during the 2021-2022 school year. The numbers of students participating in remote virtual learning and the potential impact on data collected for this report are unknown. A review of historical data and a noted return to pre-pandemic incident rates suggests the impact of potential remote learners on data shared in this report was negligible. The continuing impact of Covid-19 exposure and resulting quarantines on student attendance and staffing shortages throughout this reporting period should also be considered.

When reviewing LEA and /or school level data and any variances between groups and subgroups, consideration must be given to district and charter restraint activity driven by the necessity to safely secure students from harm, including self-injurious behavior and prevention of student elopement from school grounds. Further examination and analysis of these data will assist in informing the direction of the Delaware Department of Education's (DDOE) on-going guidance and training to districts and charters regarding best practices and in response to the impact on student learning due to "unfinished learning" (i.e., recovery, acceleration, etc.). The DDOE, continues to maintain its adherence to nationally recognized models of de-escalation and physical restraint training, provides training supports to districts and charter schools on reporting requirements, as well as reviews and analyzes data.

The DDOE collected data on the reported use of physical restraint from July 1, 2021, through June 30, 2022. The data contained in this report reflects the information provided by all LEAs in the state of Delaware during the 2021-2022 school year as required by 14 Del. C. § 4112 F (c). Additionally, 14 Del. Admin. C. § 610 Limitation on the Use of Seclusion and Restraint contains the following reporting requirements:

### 7.0 Annual Reporting Requirement

The Department shall issue an annual report on the use of physical restraint, which shall include rates of usage by school and by subcategories identified pursuant to Section 6.0, identify trends, and analyze significant results. The report shall be posted on the Department's website. http://www.doe.k12.de.us/domain/167

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## Background and Overview

Title 14, Delaware Administrative Code, Section 610, Limitations on the Use of Seclusion and Restraint set standards and procedures for the use of physical restraint. The regulation prohibits the use of chemical restraint, mechanical restraint, and seclusion; however, the latter two are subject to use if authorized through the DDOE waiver granting process. For more information regarding the waiver process, please refer to 14 DE Admin. Code 610.8.0. In addition to permitting and prohibiting uses of restraint and seclusion, this regulation requires training for public school, private program or alternative program personnel, documentation, and reporting of incidents of restraint and seclusion, requirements of notification to parents, and waiver procedures for the use of mechanical restraint or seclusion. This regulation provides for the safety of all students in our school system.

As per the regulation, DDOE is required to publish an annual public report on the incidents of physical restraints of students in public schools and private program placements (contracted through Local Education Agencies (LEAs)). The report is to include the following: rates of usage by school and by subcategories of age, race/ethnicity, and disability category, identification of trends, and analysis of significant results.

During the 2021-2022 school year, physical restraints were reported for regular education students and students with disabilities through eSchoolPlus (Delaware pupil accounting system). When a student's behavior(s) presents a significant and imminent risk of bodily harm to self or others necessitating the use of physical restraint, LEAs are required to complete the restraint and seclusion reporting screen in eSchoolPlus. This report must be completed and submitted within 72 hours of the restraint occurrence in a public school setting or within 72 hours from the time the student's LEA receives notification of the restraint from the contracted specialized private or alternative program. This report, including trends and recommendations is based solely on reported physical restraint incidents, as it was submitted to DDOE.

This regulation requires annual staff training in the use of crisis prevention and intervention techniques consistent with nationally recognized training programs. LEAs determine staff members to be trained. The training must include prevention techniques, de-escalation techniques, and positive behavioral intervention strategies and supports. This training should be designed to meet the needs of personnel consistent with their duties and the potential need for emergency safety interventions. Except as provided in 14 Del.C.§ 702(c), a student may be physically restrained only by public school personnel, contracted private program personnel or alternative program personnel who have completed training in physical emergency safety interventions.

## Methodology

## Data Collection

During the 2021-2022 school year, the DDOE collected and analyzed data at the incident level for each regular education and special education student reported as being physically restrained. In addition, data were collected on the unduplicated count of students with and without disabilities who were reported as restrained. Unduplicated student count means that each student is counted only once, although he/she may have had more than a single incident reported. Collecting incident level data, as well as the unduplicated count of students with and without disabilities who were restrained, provides important information regarding the current use of restraint in Delaware. Collecting both types of data allows analysis to determine if staff are using restraint more frequently as a crisis prevention/intervention technique or if there are select students who present an imminent risk of harm to self and/or others on a more frequent basis.

Instances of physical restraint during the 2021-2022 school year were collected at the incident level from all LEAs in all three counties in Delaware. LEAs include both districts and charter schools. In addition, incidents of reported physical restraints were collected for students placed by LEAs in contracted specialized private programs located both in state and out of state. DDOE also required reporting of any seclusion or mechanical restraint (approved through the waiver process). There were no waiver requests submitted to the Secretary of Education for mechanical restraint or seclusion during the 2021-2022 school year.

Data was collected via eSchoolPlus. A custom reporting screen collects this data. In compliance with 14 Del. Admin. C. 610, the DDOE collected a number of data elements. The data elements collected for each incident of reported restraint included student behavior and description of events leading to physical restraint; de-escalation techniques used by school personnel prior to the restraint; a description of the student's behavior during the restraint; summary of any witness interviews (if applicable); any injury caused to the student, staff member(s), or other student(s), and any related treatment deemed necessary as a result of the restraint. Demographic information (age, race, ethnicity, and disability category) was also included on identified students. Additional elements LEAs provided, as appropriate, included a description of the interview conducted with the student, whether changes were made to the student's Individualized Education Program (IEP) or Behavior Intervention Plan, as well as program procedures and staff training changes related to the specific incident.

In addition to the regulation reporting requirements, the DDOE collects additional data elements via eSchoolPlus, including the date and time of the action, action duration in minutes, if a crisis response team was involved, whether staff involved in the restraint were trained in non-violent de-escalation/restraint techniques, and parent/guardian notification information. The DDOE continues to track these elements, as well as type of school. County, district, and school level data from 2021-2022 are provided in graphic form in Appendix A.

Appendix B: An historical comparison of data of the most recent three school years is provided in Appendix B of this report. However, due to the Covid-19 pandemic and its impact on the 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 data, this comparison of the data does not serve the purpose of establishing reliable trends to inform DDOE and LEAs training and practices. However, it does
provide record of the impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on student physical restraints statewide. Data is preserved in historical order relative to all data collected since 2014 in accordance with 14 Del. Admin. C. § 610 Limitation on the Use of Seclusion and Restraint

## Data Monitoring

Several audits are conducted to ensure data integrity. The data were reviewed to identify data reporting inconsistencies. In addition, the DDOE ensures accurate reporting practices through the following protocols;

## Discipline Report Verification Process

The DDOE conduct review of the discipline report for words that may be synonymous to "restraints" (i.e., hold, held, restrained, restraint etc.). DDOE then verifies that if it is recorded in the discipline report, there is a corresponding report of the restraint in the restraint reporting system. If a school reports a restraint in the discipline report but it is not also recorded in the restraint reporting system, an email is sent to the school climate and discipline contact in the district/charter informing them that the restraint must be entered or clarification as to why this was not considered a restraint must be provided within 5 business days.

If the information is not entered or clarified within 5 business days, a letter is then sent to the school climate and discipline contact and copied to the Superintendent indicating that the information must be entered within 5 business days.

If the information is still not entered within the required timeframe, a letter is sent to the Superintendent/Board of Directors indicating that the district/charter must engage in professional development, regarding the policies and procedures of restraint reporting. Once the information is entered and verification that professional development was completed, a close out letter is sent to the Superintendent/Board of Directors.

## Interagency Collaborative Team (ICT) Files Verification Process

The Interagency Collaborative Team (ICT) is composed of Directors or their designees of various divisions of state agencies, including but not limited to, the Delaware Department of Education; Department of Health and Social Services; Department of Services for Children, Youth, and their Families; Office of Controller General; and the Office of Management and Budget. This team reviews LEA requests for support for placements of children with disabilities in need of Unique Educational Alternatives because the LEAs cannot address these students' needs with existing resources and programs. Unique Educational Alternatives include but are not limited to private residential placements and private day programs (14 DE Admin. Code 929.3.0).

On a quarterly basis, DDOE reviews student records for youth placed in approved in-state programs to verify that incidents of restraint are reported. Records are also reviewed for students placed in approved out of state ICT programs. If a restraint is not recorded, an email is sent to ICT Coordinator/Special Education Director indicating the information must be entered within 5 business days.

If the information is not entered within the required timeframe, a letter is sent to the Superintendent /Head of School indicating the district/charter school must engage in professional development regarding policies and procedures of restraint reporting for ICT students.

Once information is entered and verification that professional development was completed, a close out letter is sent to the Superintendent/Head of School.

This process continues to positively impact accurate and timely reporting to LEAs and DOE, as appropriate. There continues to be decreasing numbers of inconsistencies each concurrent year since initiation of this procedure.

## Supports Provided for LEAs

Given the extensive amount of data collection required by the LEAs and the contracted specialized private programs, DDOE provides support through multiple trainings and technical assistance as needed. The DDOE provided training on 14 DE Admin. Code 610, including updated trainings on mandatory School Crime and Discipline reporting and professional development sessions focused on functional assessment, behavioral support plans and Tier-3 systems were delivered. An overview of Tier 3 Prevent-Teach-Reinforce practices are now available on DDOE website. Information about addressing behavior concerns in the IEP was shared during statewide IEP training sessions. Additionally, self-directed modules are accessible on Schoology that address Bullying, Student to Student Relationships, Teacher to Student Relationships and School-wide Engagement.

During the 2021-22 academic school year, DDOE recognized the need for ongoing support around the unique circumstances created by the Covid-19 pandemic. DDOE provided access to a variety of increased and individualized training and informational resources including:

- Maintenance of collaborative cross agency webpage containing helpful information and a resource directory for caregivers/families and educational providers related to educating children and youth during the Covid-19 pandemic.
- Increase access to remote technical assistance to Prevent -Teach -Reinforce provided through TPR networking sessions. Additionally, educators were provided access to training on functional assessment and behavior support plans to be completed asynchronously via Schoology.

In compliance with 14 DE Admin. Code 610.4.2, the DDOE also provides a webinar on how to report restraints via eSchoolPlus. This webinar is provided through the DDOE Professional Development Management System (PDMS) and updated yearly to include helpful information gleaned from review and analysis of incident data entered in the previous school year. There were 672 participants who completed the webinar training in 2021-2022.

## Definitions and Concepts

"Alternative Program" means a program established pursuant to 14 Del.C. Ch. 16.
"Chemical restraint" means a drug or medication used on a student to control behavior or restrict freedom of movement that is either not medically prescribed for the standard treatment of a student's medical or psychiatric condition or not administered as prescribed. (Authority: 14 Del.C.§4112F(a)(1)).
"Mechanical restraint" means the application of any device or object that restricts a student's freedom of movement or normal access to a portion of the body that the student cannot easily remove. "Mechanical restraint" does not include devices or objects used by trained school personnel, or used by a student, for the specific and approved therapeutic or safety purposes for which they were designed and, if applicable prescribed, including the following:

- restraints for medical immobilization;
- adaptive devices or mechanical supports used to allow greater freedom of movement stability than would be possible without use of such devices or mechanical supports;
- vehicle safety restraints when used as intended during the transport of a student in a moving vehicle;
- instruction and use of restraints as part of a criminal justice or other course; or
- notwithstanding their design for other purposes, adaptive use of benign devices or objects, including mittens and caps, to deter self-injury.
(Authority: 14 Del.C.§4112F(a)(2))
"Physical restraint" means a restriction imposed by a person that immobilizes or reduces the ability of a student to freely move arms, legs, body, or head. "Physical restraint" does not include physical contact that:
- helps a student respond or complete a task;
- is needed to administer an authorized health-related service or procedure; or
- is needed to physically escort a student when the student does not resist or the student's resistance is minimal.
(Authority: 14 Del.C.§4112F(a)(3)
"Private program" means a non-public school or program contracted by a school district or charter school.
"Seclusion" means the involuntary confinement of a student alone in a room, enclosure, or space that is either locked or, while unlocked, physically disallows egress. The use of a "timeout" procedure during which a staff member remains accessible to the student shall not be considered "seclusion." (Authority: 14 Del.C. §4112F(a)(5))

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## Summary

Since the inception of this reporting protocol as part of Title 14, Del.Admin.C.§610, Limitations on the Use of Seclusion and Restraint, through analysis of patterns and trends of both annual and historical data, DDOE has and will continue to revise training and reporting forms to ensure accuracy of data and ease of reporting for program personnel.

The DDOE requests districts and charter schools submit a copy of their policies, procedures, training requirements, and any other supporting documentation related to the use and reporting of restraint and seclusion.

During the 2021-2022 school year, incidents of physical restraint were reported. Appendix A details the rate of usage of physical restraint procedures at the county, district, and school levels. Findings are in comparison to the 2020-2021 school year. However, this data should be interpreted with caution. Protocols related to Covid-19 exposure and quarantines impacted student attendance and staff shortages.

A comparative review resulted in some notable general trends which are detailed below. These findings should also be considered within the context of the shortage of staff. Staffing issues could impact both student behavior and available trained staff to provide needed physical restraint.

- The percentage of regular education students restrained during 2021-2022 returned to percentages similar to the 2019-2020 school year.
- After the percentage of males restrained when compared to females rose by $9 \%$ during the 20202021 school year when compared to 2019-2020, this metric returned to numbers similar to previous years in 2021-2022 with males being restrained $79 \%$ of the time while females were restrained $21 \%$ of the time.
- The percentage of white students restrained rose by $5 \%$ in comparison to 2019-2020 while the percentage of black students restrained fell by $7 \%$ when compared to the same timeframe.
- The percentage of 6-8-year-olds restrained fell by $6 \%$ when compared to 2019-2020 and $9 \%$ when compared to 2020-2021.
- When compared to the 2019-2020 school year, the percentage of students restrained because they posed imminent risk of bodily harm to others rose by $9 \%$ while the percentage of students restrained because they posed imminent risk of bodily harm to themselves and others fell by $10 \%$.
- The percentage of restraints lasting ten minutes or more fell by $5 \%$ when compared to the 20192020 school year.
- Sussex County saw its percentage of all restraints in the state rise by $5 \%$ when compared to 20192020.
- Charter schools made up 2\% of all restraints in 2021-2022; this represents 47 total restraints, the highest amount recorded for Charter schools in a single year since this reporting began.


## Historical Perspective:

The DDOE has collected data related to the use of physical restraint procedures for seven years, beginning in the 2014-2015 school year. A three-year comparative review (Appendix B) is typically included in the Annual Report each year (exclusive of 2020-2021) to inform and guide future DDOE professional development and ongoing technical assistance planning. However, in this report, it is noted to historically mark and preserve comparative data related to the occurrence and impact of the Covid-19 pandemic on student physical restraints statewide. Therefore, this historical perspective should be reviewed with caution.

## Recommendations

- DDOE continue to monitor, via the Discipline Report Verification and ICT Files Verification processes.
- Through the Delaware Positive Behavior Support Project, the DDOE continue to provide technical assistance on multi-tiered systems of behavior support. In addition, the DDOE will update and expand, as appropriate, training materials on Schoology that focus on the following topics: functional behavior assessment, data collection, behavior support plan development, and progress monitoring and evaluation. DDOE will work with LEAs to utilize this information to enhance their multi-tiered systems of support and focus efforts on providing antecedent modifications, teaching alternative skills, teaching coping strategies and communication skills, and implementing de-escalation techniques.
- DDOE continue to provide training and technical assistance on restraint reporting via the School Climate and Discipline Summer Professional Development and Special Education Leadership Meetings. DDOE also makes available a Cognos detail report that LEAs can utilize to review and analyze their own restraint reporting data. This is of particular importance in the wake of the Covid pandemic and resulting staffing changes.
- DDOE continue to provide training to new administrators related to requirements of second level of reporting for discipline reports involving physical restraints of students and review guidelines for reporting incidents of students with disabilities displaying multiple related events within a limited time period.
- DDOE consider recommending LEAs provide training additional administrators and staff in crisis and prevention interventions due to the current Covid-19 quarantine protocols and resulting staff absences and shortages.
- DDOE continue to work with the Data Administrative Team related to revisions to the physical restraint incident reporting screen the 2022-2023 school year. Some revisions
made in 2020-2021 need to be further refined and consideration of additional minor revisions to improve access and efficiency in reporting. Training and technical assistance related to all revisions should be included in the reporting webinar provided annually by DDOE.


## Student Demographics Unduplicated Counts of Student Physical Restraints Disaggregated by Subgroup

The tables below represent the ethnicity, gender, age, and disability category of students who received restraint intervention during the 2021-2022 school year. Please note that the numbers represent the total number of unduplicated students. Unduplicated student count means that each student is counted only once, although he/she may have had more than a single incident reported. The data presented in all tables represents the time period from July 1, 2021 through June 30, 2022.

Please note the following suppression rules for all tables:

1. For all data, counts for groups or subgroups with 15 or fewer students are suppressed and represented by "-" in data reports. Complementary suppression of one or more nonsensitive cells in a table may be required so that the values of the suppressed cells may not be calculated by subtracting the reported values from the row and column totals.
2. Only report percentages for grade level reporting within a school and district.
3. Percentages are suppressed when the underlying student counts can be derived for groups or subgroups with 15 or fewer students (i.e., if the number tested and proficient are reported, then the percentage may need to be suppressed).
4. Any percentage above 95 or below 5 will be reported as $>95 \%$ and $<5 \%$, respectively.

Table 1. Race and Ethnicity

|  | Number of Students <br> Restrained | Percentage of All Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Two or More Races | 51 | $7 \%$ |
| Black or African American | 328 | $47 \%$ |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - | $<5 \%$ |
| Asian | - | $<5 \%$ |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - | $<5 \%$ |
| Hispanic | 69 | $10 \%$ |
| White | 241 | $35 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 1 displays the race/ethnicity of students who were physically restrained. Of students requiring physical restraint intervention, $47 \%$ were Black or African American, 35\% were White, and $10 \%$ were Hispanic.

## Table 2. Gender

|  | Number of Students <br> Restrained | Percentage of All Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Male | 553 | $79 \%$ |
| Female | 143 | $21 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 2 displays the gender of all students who were physically restrained. Of those restrained, $79 \%$ were male and $21 \%$ were female.

Table 3. Age

|  | Number of Students <br> Restrained | Percentage of All Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $3-5$ | 31 | $<5 \%$ |
| $6-8$ | 174 | $25 \%$ |
| $9-11$ | 201 | $29 \%$ |
| $12-14$ | 149 | $21 \%$ |
| $15-17$ | 104 | $15 \%$ |
| $18-21$ | 37 | $5 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 3 displays the age ranges of all students who were physically restrained. The data indicates that $25 \%$ of those restrained were ages 6-8 and $29 \%$ were ages $9-11$. Lower percentages of those restrained were ages 3-5 (4\%) and 18-21 (5\%). Please note, ages were calculated as of December 31, 2020.

Table 4. Disability Category

|  | Number of Students <br> Restrained | Percentage of All <br> Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | 142 | $20 \%$ |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | 126 | $18 \%$ |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | 50 | $7 \%$ |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | 21 | $<5 \%$ |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | 85 | $12 \%$ |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 800 (Visual Impairment) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 1000 (Autism) | 187 | $27 \%$ |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | 60 | $9 \%$ |
| 1600 (Preschool Speech Delay) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 4 displays the number of students physically restrained that were regular education students, as well as the number of students within each special education disability category. Of the students identified in incident reports, $80 \%$ had an identified disability.

## Total Number of Reported Incidents of Physical Restraint

The following tables include duplicated counts of physical restraint. That is, single students are represented multiple times in the counts below.

Note that in some cases, students demonstrated multiple episodes of behavior across a continuous interval of time without a break. The DDOE added an additional field titled Consecutive Restraint Count to remove the need to enter numerous incident reports when a student is restrained multiple times without a break of ten minutes or more between restraint actions.

Table 5. Reason for Physical Restraint

| Imminent Risk of Harm to: | Number of Physical <br> Restraints | Percentage of All Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Others | 666 | $30 \%$ |
| Self and Others | 1336 | $61 \%$ |
| Self | 200 | $9 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 5 displays the reason for which physical restraint was a necessary intervention. The reason for using physical restraint was higher when the student's behavior posed an imminent risk of harm to both the student and others (61\%).

Table 6. Physical Restraint Duration

|  | Number of Physical <br> Restraints | Percentage of All Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $\leq 2$ minutes* | 821 | $37 \%$ |
| $3-5$ minutes | 615 | $28 \%$ |
| $6-9$ minutes | 248 | $11 \%$ |
| $\geq 10$ minutes | 435 | $20 \%$ |
| Not Reported (N/R) | 83 | $<5 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 6 displays the duration of all physical restraints. The majority of physical restraints were less than or equal to 5 minutes ( $65 \%$ ).

## Table 7. Time of Day

|  | Number of Physical <br> Restraints | Percentage of All Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| AM | 1147 | $52 \%$ |
| PM | 1053 | $48 \%$ |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - | $<5 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 7 displays the number, as well as the percentage of physical restraints that occurred in the morning and in the afternoon and evening.

## Table 8. Physical Restraints per Month*

|  | Number of Physical <br> Restraints | Percentage of All Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| July | 39 | $<5 \%$ |
| August | 34 | $<5 \%$ |
| September | 209 | $9 \%$ |
| October | 252 | $11 \%$ |
| November | 167 | $8 \%$ |
| December | 187 | $8 \%$ |
| January | 161 | $7 \%$ |
| February | 274 | $12 \%$ |
| March | 383 | $17 \%$ |
| April | 161 | $7 \%$ |
| May | 247 | $11 \%$ |
| June | 88 | $<5 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Table 8 displays the number of physical restraints that occurred during each month.

## Statewide Physical Restraints

| New Castle County | 1398 |
| :---: | :---: |
| Kent County | 299 |
| Sussex County | 457 |
| Charter Schools | 48 |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ |

## New Castle County

## Appoquinimink School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of Physical Restraints |
| :---: | :---: |
| Appoquinimink | - |
| Cedar Lane | - |
| Brick Mill |  |
| Spring Meadow | - |
| Townsend | - |
| Elementary Schools |  |
| Brick Mill | - |
| Bunker Hill | - |
| Cedar Lane | 24 |
| Lorewood Grove | - |
| Olive B. Loss | - |
| Old State | - |
| Silver Lake | 40 |
| Towne Point | - |
| Townsend | - |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Cantwell Bridge | - |
| Everett Meredith | - |
| Louis L. Redding | 16 |
| Alfred G. Waters | - |
| High Schools |  |
| Appoquinimink | - |
| Middletown | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 183 |
| Total Number of Students | 54 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 25 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | 20 |
| Total | 54 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 54 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 44 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 54 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | 16 |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 800 (Visual Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | 24 |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 54 |

## Brandywine School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Charles W. Bush | - |  |
| Elementary Schools |  |  |
| Carrcroft | - |  |
| Claymont | - |  |
| Forwood | - |  |
| Hanby | - |  |
| Harlan | - |  |
| Lancashire | - |  |
| Lombardy | -6 |  |
| Maple Lane | - |  |
| Mount Pleasant | 62 |  |
| Middle Schools |  |  |
| P.S. duPont | - |  |
| Springer Schools |  |  |
| Talley | - |  |
| Special Programs |  |  |
| Brandywine | - |  |
| Concord | - |  |
| Mount Pleasant | - |  |
|  |  |  |
| Brandywine Community | - |  |
| Brandywine SITE School | - |  |
| Total Physical Restraints | 171 |  |
| Total Number of Students | 60 |  |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 36 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | 18 |
| Total | 60 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | 20 |
| $9-11$ | 21 |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 60 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 49 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 60 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | 17 |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 800 (Visual Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 60 |

Christina School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of Physical Restraints |
| :---: | :---: |
| Christina | - |
| Elementary Schools |  |
| Bancroft | - |
| Henry M. Brader | - |
| Brookside | - |
| John R. Downes | - |
| Elbert-Palmer | - |
| Albert H. Jones | - |
| Robert S. Gallaher | - |
| William B. Keene | 16 |
| Mary B. Leasure | - |
| R. Elisabeth Maclary | - |
| Thurgood Marshall | 22 |
| Joseph M. McVey | - |
| William A. Oberle, Jr. | - |
| Casimir Pulaski | - |
| Jennie E. Smith | - |
| Frederick Douglass Stubbs | - |
| West Park Place | - |
| Etta J. Wilson | - |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Bayard | - |
| Gauger-Cobbs | - |
| George V. Kirk | - |
| Shue-Medill | - |
| High Schools |  |
| Christiana | - |
| Glasgow | - |
| Newark | - |
| Special Schools |  |
| Brennen | 402 |
| Delaware School for the Deaf | - |
| J. H. Douglass | - |
| Sarah Pyle Academy | - |
| Special Programs |  |
| Alternative Programs | 20 |
| Networks | - |
| REACH Program | 26 |
| Total Physical Restraints | 578 |
| Total Number of Students | 139 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 80 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | 18 |
| White | 33 |
| Total | 139 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | 26 |
| $9-11$ | 38 |
| $12-14$ | 26 |
| $15-17$ | 25 |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 139 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 115 |
| Female | 24 |
| Total | 139 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | 16 |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 800 (Visual Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | -67 |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - |
| Total | 139 |

Colonial School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Colonial Early Education Schools <br> Program |  |  |
|  |  |  |
| Carrie Downie | - |  |
| Castle Hills | - |  |
| The Colwyck Center | - |  |
| Harry O. Eisenberg | - |  |
| New Castle | - |  |
| Pleasantville | - |  |
| Southern | 46 |  |
| Southern ILC | 65 |  |
| Kathleen H. Wilbur | - |  |
| Wilmington Manor | - |  |
| Middle Schools |  |  |
| George Reed | - |  |
| Gunning-Bedford | - |  |
| Calvin R. McCullough | - |  |
| Special Schools |  |  |
| William Penn | - |  |
|  |  |  |
| John G. Leach | - |  |
| The Wallace Wallin School | - |  |
| Total Physical Restraints | 158 |  |
| Total Number of Students | 57 |  |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 32 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 57 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | 18 |
| $12-14$ | 16 |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 57 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 44 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 57 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | 22 |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 57 |

New Castle County Vocational Technical School District

| High Schools | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Delcastle Technical | - |
| Paul M. Hodgson Vo-Tech | - |
| Howard High School of <br> Technology | - |
| St. George's Technical | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 0 |
| Total Number of Students | 0 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 0 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 0 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 0 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 0 |

## Red Clay School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of Physical Restraints |
| :---: | :---: |
| Red Clay Early Years Program | - |
| Elementary Schools | Number of Physical Restraints |
| Austin D. Baltz | - |
| Brandywine Springs | 18 |
| William F. Cooke Jr. | - |
| Forest Oak | - |
| Heritage | 118 |
| Highlands | - |
| William C. Lewis Dual Language | - |
| Linden Hill | - |
| Marbrook | - |
| Anna P. Mote | 16 |
| North Star | - |
| Richardson Park | - |
| Richey | - |
| Evan G. Shortlidge | - |
| Warner | - |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Alexis I. duPont | - |
| Cab Calloway School of the Arts | - |
| Conrad School of Sciences | - |
| Henry B. duPont | - |
| Skyline | - |
| Stanton | - |
| High Schools |  |
| Alexis I. duPont | - |
| John Dickinson | - |
| Thomas McKean | - |
| Special Schools |  |
| First State | - |
| Meadowood | 16 |
| Richardson Park Learning Center | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 315 |
| Total Number of Students | 79 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 36 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | 21 |
| Total | 79 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | 20 |
| $9-11$ | 29 |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 79 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 62 |
| Female | 17 |
| Total | 79 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | 21 |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 79 |

## Kent County

Caesar Rodney School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of Physical Restraints |
| :---: | :---: |
| J.R. McIlvaine | - |
| Elementary Schools |  |
| W. Reily Brown | - |
| Allen Frear | - |
| Kent Elementary ILC | 64 |
| W.B. Simpson | - |
| Star Hill | - |
| Nellie H. Stokes | - |
| George S. Welch | - |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Dover Air Base | - |
| Fred Fifer III | - |
| F. Niel Postlethwait | - |
| High Schools |  |
| Caesar Rodney | - |
| Special Schools |  |
| John S. Charlton | 18 |
| Total Physical Restraints | 129 |
| Total Number of Students | 53 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 19 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | 24 |
| Total | 53 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | 30 |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 53 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 45 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 53 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 53 |

Capital School District

| Elementary Schools | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| East Dover | - |  |
| Fairview | - |  |
| Hartly | - |  |
| North Dover | - |  |
| South Dover | - |  |
| Towne Point | - |  |
| Booker T. Washington | - |  |
| High Schools Schools |  |  |
| Central | - |  |
| William Henry | - |  |
| Special Schools |  |  |
| Dover | - |  |
|  |  |  |
| Kent County Community <br> School | 26 |  |
| Kent County Secondary <br> ILC | - |  |
| Total Physical Restraints | 59 |  |
| Total Number of Students | 29 |  |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 29 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 29 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 23 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 29 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - |
| Total | 29 |

## Lake Forest School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Delaware | - |  |
| Middle Schools |  |  |
| Central | - |  |
| East | - |  |
| North | - |  |
| South | - |  |
| High Schools |  |  |
| W.T. Chipman | - |  |
|  |  |  |
| Lake Forest | 25 |  |
| Total Physical Restraints | 12 |  |
| Total Number of Students |  |  |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 12 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 12 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 12 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 12 |

Milford School District

| Elementary Schools |  |
| :--- | :---: |
| Evelyn I. Morris | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Benjamin Banneker | - |
| Mispillion | - |
| Lulu M. Ross | - |
| Special Schools Schools |  |
| Milford Central Academy | - |
|  |  |
| Milford | - |
|  |  |
| Milford ILC | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 20 |
| Total Number of Students | 10 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 10 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 10 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 10 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 10 |

PolyTech School District

| High Schools | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |
| :---: | :---: |
| Polytech | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 1 |
| Total Number of Students | 1 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 1 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 1 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 1 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 1 |

Smyrna School District

| Elementary | Number of Physical Restraints | Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students Restrained |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Clayton | - | Two or More Races | - |
|  |  | Black or African American | - |
| North Smyrna | - | American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Smyrna | 23 | Asian | - |
| Sunnyside | - | Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Middle Schools |  | Hispanic | - |
|  |  | White | - |
| Clayton Intermediate | - | Total | 30 |
| John Bassett Moore | - |  |  |
| Smyrna | 22 |  | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| High Schools |  | 3-5 Age Range | Restrained |
| Smyrna | - | 6-8 | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 66 | 9-11 | - |
| Total Number of Students | 30 | 12-14 | - |
|  | 30 | 15-17 | - |
|  |  | 18-21 | - |
|  |  | Total | 30 |
|  |  |  |  |
|  |  | Gender | Number of Students Restrained |
|  |  | Male | 23 |
|  |  | Female | - |
|  |  | Total | 30 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 30 |


| Sussex County |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Cape Henlopen School District |  |  |  |
| Elementary Schools | Number of Physical Restraints | Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students Restrained |
| H.O. Brittingham | - | Two or More Races | - |
| Love Creek | - | Black or African American | - |
|  |  | American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Milton | - | Asian | - |
| Rehoboth | - | Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Richard A. Shields | - | Hispanic | - |
| Middle Schools |  | White | 46 |
|  |  | Total | 70 |
| Beacon | - | Age Range |  |
| Mariner | - |  | Number of Students Restrained |
| Sussex Central | - |  | Restrained |
| High Schools |  | 6-8 | 20 |
| Cape Henlopen | - | 9-11 | 18 |
| Special School |  | 12-14 | - |
|  |  | 15-17 | - |
| Cape Henlopen District Off. | - | 18-21 | - |
| Sussex Consortium | 245 | Total | 70 |
| Total Physical Restraints | 263 | Gender | Number of Students Restrained |
| Total Number of Students | 70 |  |  |
|  |  | Male | 58 |
|  |  | Female | - |
|  |  | Total | 70 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 800 (Visual Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | 43 |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 70 |

Delmar School District

| Middle Schools | Number of Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Delmar High Schools |  |
|  |  |
| Delmar | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 0 |
| Total Number of <br> Students | 0 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 0 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 0 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 0 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 0 |

## Indian River School District

| Early Childhood Centers | Number of Physical Restraints |
| :---: | :---: |
| Indian River Learning Center | - |
| Elementary Schools |  |
| John M. Clayton | 32 |
| East Millsboro | 16 |
| Georgetown | - |
| Georgetown Kindergarten Center | - |
| Long Neck | - |
| Lord Baltimore | - |
| North Georgetown | 22 |
| Phillip C. Showell | - |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Georgetown | - |
| Millsboro | 17 |
| Selbyville | - |
| High Schools |  |
| Indian River | - |
| Sussex Central | 38 |
| Southern Delaware School for the Arts | - |
| Special Schools |  |
| Carver Academy | - |
| Howard T. Ennis | 17 |
| Total Physical Restraints | 164 |
| Total Number of Students | 52 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 21 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | 21 |
| Total | 52 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | 18 |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 52 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 37 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 52 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | 25 |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 53 |

Laurel School District

| Elementary Schools | Number of Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Paul Laurence Dunbar | - |
| North Laurel | 17 |
| Hiddle Schools |  |
| Laurel | - |
| High Schools |  |
| Laurel Senior | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 22 |
| Total Number of Students | 13 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 13 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 13 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 13 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 13 |

## Seaford School District

| Elementary | Number of Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Blades | - |
| Frederick Douglass | - |
| Central | - |
| West Seaford | - |
| Middle Schools |  |
| Seaford | - |
|  |  |
| Seaford | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 2 |
| Total Number of Students | 2 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 2 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| 2Total | 2 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 2 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 2 |

Sussex Technical School District

| High Schools | Number of Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Sussex Technical | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 1 |
| Total Number of Students | 1 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 1 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| 2Total | 1 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 1 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | - |

## Woodbridge School District

| Early Childhood Center | Number of Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Woodbridge | - |
| Middle |  |
| Phillis Wheatley | - |
| High |  |
| Woodbridge | - |
|  |  |
| Woodbridge | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | 4 |
| Total Number of Students | 3 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | - |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 3 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 3 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | - |
| Female | - |
| Total | 3 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 3 |

## Charter Schools

| Charter Schools | Number of <br> Physical Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| Academy of Dover | - |
| Antonia Alonso | - |
| Las Americas ASPIRA <br> Academy | - |
| Campus Community | - |
| Delaware Academy of Public <br> Safety and Security | - |
| Delaware Design-Lab High | - |
| Delaware Military Academy | - |
| Early College High School | - |
| East Side Charter | - |
| Family Foundations Academy | - |
| First State Military Academy | - |
| First State Montessori | - |
| Freire Charter School | - |
| Wilmington | - |
| Gateway Lab School | - |
| Great Oaks Charter School | - |
| Kuumba Academy | - |
| M.O.T. Charter | - |
| Charter School of New Castle | - |
| Newark Charter | - |
| Odyssey Charter | - |
| Positive Outcomes Charter | - |
| Prestige Academy | - |
| Providence Creek Academy | - |
| Sussex Academy | - |
| Thomas A. Edison Charter | - |
| Charter School of Wilmington | - |
| Total Physical Restraints | - |
| Total Number of Students | - |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 18 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 31 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | - |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 31 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 22 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 31 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | 16 |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | - |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - |
| Total | 31 |

## Private Placement

| Program | Number of Physical <br> Restraints |
| :--- | :---: |
| In-state | 150 |
| Out-of-state | 53 |
| Total Physical Restraints | 203 |
| Total Number of Students | 40 |


| Race and Ethnicity | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Two or More Races | - |
| Black or African American | 25 |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - |
| Asian | - |
| Hawaiian/Pacific Islander | - |
| Hispanic | - |
| White | - |
| Total | 40 |


| Age Range | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| $3-5$ | - |
| $6-8$ | - |
| $9-11$ | - |
| $12-14$ | 16 |
| $15-17$ | - |
| $18-21$ | - |
| Total | 40 |


| Gender | Number of Students <br> Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Male | 31 |
| Female | - |
| Total | 40 |


| Disability Category | Number of Students Restrained |
| :--- | :---: |
| Regular Education Students | - |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 200 (Emotional Disability) | 25 |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | - |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | - |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - |
| 1000 (Autism) | - |
| 1100 (Deaf - Blind) | - |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | - |
| Total | 40 |

## Appendix B

## Unduplicated Counts of Student Restraints Disaggregated by Subgroup

Table 1. Race and Ethnicity

|  | 2019-2020 |  | 2020-2021 |  | 2021-2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained |
| Two or More Races | 36 | 5\% | - | 5\% | 51 | 7\% |
| Black or African American | 382 | 54\% | 86 | 42\% | 328 | 47\% |
| American Indian/Alaskan Native | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| Asian/Pacific Islander | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| Hispanic | 59 | 8\% | 19 | 9\% | 69 | 10\% |
| White | 210 | 30\% | 87 | 42\% | 241 | 35\% |
| Total | 701 | 100\% | 205 | 100\% | 696 | 100\% |

Graph 1. Race and Ethnicity


Table and Graph 1 display the race/ethnicity of students who received restraint procedures. There has been a $7 \%$ cumulative decrease over the last three years in the percentage of Black or African American students requiring physical restraint intervention. There has also been a 5\% cumulative increase in the percentage of White students requiring physical restraint intervention during the same time period. Other racial/ethnic groups have remained relatively stable or fluctuated too much from year-to-year to showcase a pattern.

Table 2. Gender

|  | 2019-2020 |  | 2020-2021 |  | 2021-2022 |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained |
| Male | 564 | $80 \%$ | 182 | $89 \%$ | 553 | $79 \%$ |
| Female | 137 | $20 \%$ | 23 | $11 \%$ | 143 | $21 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Graph 2. Gender


Table and Graph 2 display the reported gender of all students who received restraint procedures. The 2020-2021 school year saw a $9 \%$ increase in the percentage of Male students requiring physical restraint intervention while there was a corresponding $9 \%$ decrease in the percentage of Female students requiring physical restraint intervention. This shift seems to have only occurred during the 2020-2021 school year.

Table 3. Age

|  | $\mathbf{2 0 1 9 - 2 0 2 0}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 0 2 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 0 2 2}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained |
| $3-5$ | 30 | $<5 \% \%$ | - | $<5 \% \%$ | 31 | $<5 \% \%$ |
| $6-8$ | 215 | $31 \%$ | 69 | $34 \%$ | 174 | $25 \%$ |
| $9-11$ | 208 | $30 \%$ | 68 | $33 \%$ | 201 | $29 \%$ |
| $12-14$ | 127 | $18 \%$ | 35 | $17 \%$ | 149 | $21 \%$ |
| $15-17$ | 90 | $13 \%$ | - | $6 \%$ | 104 | $15 \%$ |
| $18-21$ | 31 | $<5 \% \%$ | 18 | $9 \%$ | 37 | $5 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{7 0 1}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 0 5}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 9 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

Graph 3. Age


Table and Graph 3 display the age ranges of all students who were restrained. There has been a cumulative $6 \%$ decrease in the percentage of 6-8 year-olds requiring physical restraint intervention over the previous three years. The other age groups have fluctuated too much to showcase a pattern.

## Table 4. Disability Category

|  | 2019-2020 |  | 2020-2021 |  | 2021-2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained |
| Regular Education Students | 165 | 24\% | 18 | 9\% | 142 | 20\% |
| 100 (Mild Intellectual Disability) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 200 (Emotional Disturbance) | 144 | 21\% | 41 | 20\% | 126 | 18\% |
| 300 (Learning Disability) | 40 | 6\% | - | <5\%\% | 50 | 7\% |
| 400 (Moderate Intellectual Disability) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | 21 | <5\%\% |
| 500 (Severe Intellectual Disability) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 601 (Other Health Impairment) | 94 | 13\% | 21 | 10\% | 85 | 12\% |
| 700 (Hearing Impairment) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 800 (Visually Impaired) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 1000 (Autism) | 164 | 23\% | 78 | 38\% | 187 | 27\% |
| 1100 (Deaf Blind) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 1200 (Speech and/or Language Impairment) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 1300 (Traumatic Brain Injury) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| 1400 (Developmental Delay) | 57 | 8\% | 22 | 11\% | 60 | 9\% |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% |
| Total | 701 | 100\% | 205 | 100\% | 696 | 100\% |

## Graph 4. Disability Category



Table and Graph 4 display the number of students restrained that were regular education students, as well as the number of students within each special education disability category. There was a $15 \%$ decrease in the percentage of Regular Education Students requiring physical restraint intervention between the 2019-2020 and 2020-2021 school years. There was also a $15 \%$ increase in the percentage of Autistic Students requiring physical restraint intervention during the same time. The other categories have fluctuated too much to showcase a pattern.

# Total Number of Reported Incidents of Student Physical Restraint 

## Table 5. Reason for Physical Restraint

| Imminent Risk of <br> Harm to: | 2019-2020 |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 0 2 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 0 2 2}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% All Students <br> Restrained |
| Others | 448 | $21 \%$ | 226 | $35 \%$ | 666 | $30 \%$ |
| Self and Others | 1497 | $71 \%$ | 357 | $55 \%$ | 1336 | $61 \%$ |
| Self | 161 | $8 \%$ | 64 | $10 \%$ | 200 | $9 \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Graph 5. Reason for Physical Restraint



Table and Graph 5 display the reason for which physical restraint was a necessary intervention. The reason for using physical restraint remained higher when the student's behavior posed an imminent risk of harm to both the student and others across all reporting years.

Table 6. Physical Restraint Duration

|  | 2019-2020 |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 0 2 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 0 2 2}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | Restrained |
| $\leq 2$ minutes | 754 | $36 \%$ | 193 | $30 \%$ | 821 | $37 \%$ |
| $3-5$ minutes | 525 | $25 \%$ | 166 | $26 \%$ | 615 |  |
| $6-9$ minutes | 222 | $11 \%$ | 86 | $13 \%$ | 248 | $11 \%$ |
| $\geq 10$ minutes | 535 | $25 \%$ | 115 | $18 \%$ | 435 | $20 \%$ |
| Not Reported (N/R) | 70 | $<5 \% \%$ | 87 | $13 \%$ | 83 |  |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Graph 6. Physical Restraint Duration



Table and Graph 6 display the duration of all physical restraints. The majority of physical restraints were less than or equal to 5 minutes across all reporting years.

Table 7. Time of Day

|  | 2019-2020 |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0 - 2 0 2 1}$ |  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 1 - 2 0 2 2}$ |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | \% of All Students <br> Restrained | \# of Students <br> Restrained | of All Students <br> Restrained |
|  | 1102 | $52 \%$ | 307 | $47 \%$ | 1147 |  |
| PM | 1004 | $48 \%$ | 337 | $52 \%$ | 1053 | $42 \%$ |
| Not Reported (N/R) | - | $<5 \% \%$ | - | $<5 \% \%$ | - | $<5 \% \%$ |
| Total | $\mathbf{2 1 0 6}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{6 4 7}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ | $\mathbf{2 2 0 2}$ | $\mathbf{1 0 0 \%}$ |

## Graph 7. Time of Day



Table and Graph 7 display the number, as well as the percentage of physical restraints that occurred in the morning and in the afternoon and evening.

Table 8. Physical Restraints Per Month

|  | 2019-2020 |  | 2020-2021 |  | 2021-2022 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained | \# of Students Restrained | \% of All Students Restrained |
| July | 66 | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | 39 | <5\%\% |
| August | 46 | <5\%\% | - | <5\%\% | 34 | <5\%\% |
| September | 343 | 16\% | - | <5\%\% | 209 | 9\% |
| October | 371 | 18\% | 38 | 6\% | 252 | 11\% |
| November | 221 | 10\% | 54 | 8\% | 167 | 8\% |
| December | 225 | 11\% | 32 | 5\% | 187 | 9\% |
| January | 316 | 15\% | 63 | 10\% | 161 | 7\% |
| February | 324 | 15\% | 46 | 7\% | 274 | 12\% |
| March | 187 | 9\% | 151 | 23\% | 383 | 17\% |
| April | - | <5\%\% | 100 | 15\% | 161 | 7\% |
| May | - | <5\%\% | 125 | 19\% | 247 | 11\% |
| June | - | <5\%\% | 33 | 6\% | 88 | <5\%\% |
| Total | 2106 | 100\% | 647 | 100\% | 2202 | 100\% |

## Graph 8. Physical Restraints Per Month



Table and Graph 8 display the number of physical restraints that occurred during each month.


[^0]:    "Timeout" means a behavior management technique in which, to provide a student with the opportunity to reflect or regain self-control, a student is separated from others for a limited period in a setting that is not locked and the exit is not physically blocked by furniture, closed door held shut from outside, or other inanimate object.
    (Authority: 14 Del.C.§4112F(a)(6))

